

## REVIEW FOR FINAL EXAMINATION

The final examination will be given on Friday, December 13, 2002, from 2:50pm to 5:40pm in Room C240 of Van Leer. Two pages of notes are permitted and if relationships you need are not available, ask your instructor/proctor. The exam is closed book and will consist of approximately 7 problems of which 5 problems, each worth 20 points for a total of 100 points, must be worked. The 7 problems will fall into two categories, those you must work and those you may work. Below is a list of the material for which you are responsible.

### Amplifiers

Voltage gain, current gain, power gain

Two-port models for amplifiers

Amplifiers with finite source and load resistances

Amplifier frequency response – Lower and upper –3dB frequencies, midband gain, BW

Input and output resistance of amplifiers

### Operational Amplifiers

Ideal op amp

Analysis of circuits containing ideal op amps

Inverting and noninverting amplifiers

Other types of op amp circuits – summing, difference, integrators, first-order circuits

Cascaded amplifiers

Frequency response of inverting and noninverting amplifiers, cascaded stages

### Transistor Amplifiers

The BJT and FET amplifier

Coupling and bypass capacitors – midband gain analysis

DC and ac analysis of amplifiers

Small-signal models – diode, BJT, MOSFET, and JFET

Small-signal model parameters as functions of the large signal variables and model parameters

Common-emitter and common-source transistor amplifier analysis (voltage gain, current gain, input resistance, and output resistance)

### Single Transistor Amplifiers

BJT – common emitter, common-collector, common-base and common-nothing (voltage gain, current gain, input resistance, and output resistance)

FET – common source, common-drain, common-gate and common-nothing (voltage gain, current gain, input resistance, and output resistance)

Designing transistor amplifiers

### Multistage Amplifiers

AC-coupled multistage amplifiers

Direct coupled multistage amplifiers

Differential amplifiers – differential mode analysis, common mode analysis, CMRR

### Frequency Response

Amplifier frequency response

Direct analysis of the roots of an amplifier

Finding the low-frequency cutoff frequency,  $\omega_L$ , by various methods-dominant pole, multiple poles, and the short-circuit time constant method

High-frequency models for the BJT and FET – unity gain frequency,  $f_T$

Finding the high-frequency cutoff frequency,  $\omega_H$ , by various methods-dominant pole, multiple poles, and the open-circuit time constant method

Frequency response of multistage amplifiers

### Feedback Stability and Oscillators

Concepts of feedback circuits

Two-port network theory applied to negative feedback circuits

Identification of the type of feedback

Finding the voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance of a transistor amplifier with feedback using the feedback approach (open the loop find  $A$  and  $\beta$ , use  $A$  and  $\beta$  to find the input and output resistances)

Influence of feedback on the frequency response of an amplifier with feedback

Stability of a feedback circuit – Bode criteria, phase margin

Oscillators – RC and LC

### Nonlinear Op Amp Circuits

Precision rectification

Amplitude limitation

Waveform generators