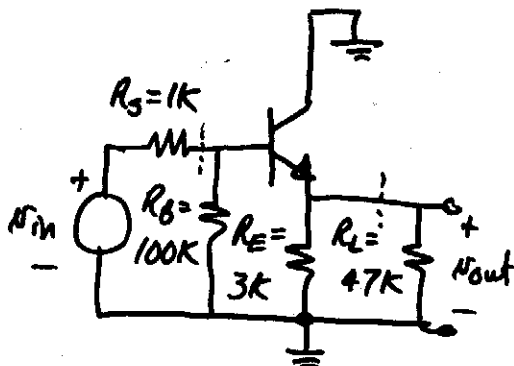


## Today's Lecture -

- High frequency analysis of common collector
- High frequency analysis of diff. & common mode diff. amplifier

## Monday's Lecture

Next topic - FEEDBACK (secs. 18.1 & 18.2 next week)

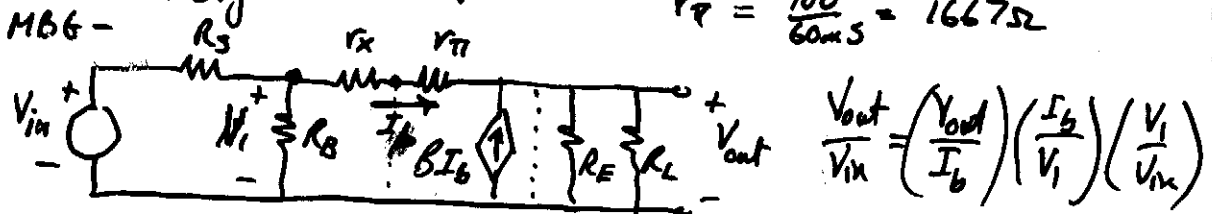
High Frequency Response of a CC BJT Amplifier

If  $\beta_F = 100$ ,  $I_C = 1.5 \text{ mA}$ ,  
 $r_x = r_b = 150 \Omega$ ,  $C_u = 0.5 \text{ pF}$ ,  
 and  $f_T = 500 \text{ MHz}$ , find  
 the MBG &  $\omega_H$ .

$$g_m = \frac{I_C}{V_T} = \frac{1.5 \text{ mA}}{25 \text{ mV}} = 60 \text{ mS}$$

$$r_T = \frac{100}{60 \text{ mS}} = 1667 \Omega$$

Small-signal model:



$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \left( \frac{V_{out}}{I_b} \right) \left( \frac{I_b}{V_1} \right) \left( \frac{V_1}{V_{in}} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \left( (\beta + 1) R_E \parallel R_L \right) \left( \frac{1}{R_x + r_x + (\beta + 1) R_E \parallel R_L} \right) \left( \frac{R_B \parallel R}{R_S + R_B \parallel R} \right)$$

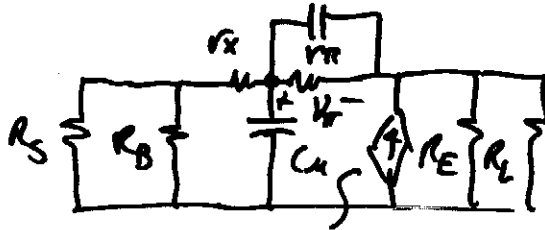
$$= \left[ (101)(3\text{k} \parallel 47\text{k}) \right] \left[ \frac{1}{150 + 1667 + (101)(3\text{k} \parallel 47\text{k})} \right] \left[ \frac{100\text{k} \parallel R}{1\text{k} + 100\text{k} \parallel R} \right]$$

$$= (284.92 \text{ k}) \left( \frac{1}{286.64 \text{ k}} \right) \left( \frac{74.14}{75.14} \right) = \underline{\underline{0.974 \text{ V/V}}}$$

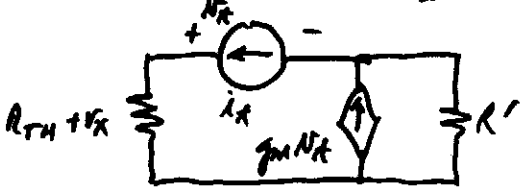
$\omega_H:$   $C_T = \frac{g_m}{\omega_T} - C_M = 18.6 \text{ pF}$

OCTC:

$R_{\pi 0}:$



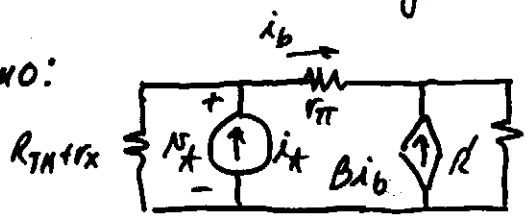
$R_{TH} = R_S || R_B$   
 $R' = R_E || R_L$



$N_x = i_x (R_{TH} + r_x) + (i_x - g_m N_x) R'$   
 $N_x (1 + g_m R') = i_x [R_{TH} + r_x + R']$

$\therefore R_{\pi 0} = r_{\pi} || \left[ \frac{R_{TH} + r_x + R'}{1 + g_m R'} \right] \approx \frac{R_{TH} + r_x + R'}{1 + g_m R'} = 22.4 \Omega$

$R_{M0}:$



$i_x = \frac{N_x}{R_{TH} + r_x} + \frac{N_x}{r_{\pi} + (1+\beta)R'}$   
 $\therefore R_{M0} = \frac{N_x}{i_x} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_{TH} + r_x} + \frac{1}{r_{\pi} + (1+\beta)R'}}$

$R_{M0} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{1.149 \text{ k}} + \frac{1}{286.48 \text{ k}}} = 1.149 \text{ k}$

$\therefore \omega_H \approx \frac{1}{R_{\pi 0} C_{\pi} + R_{M0} C_M} = \frac{10^9}{(0.0224)(18.6) + (1.144)(0.5)}$

$\omega_H = 1.01 \times 10^9 \text{ rad/s/sec} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{f_H = 161 \text{ MHz}}}$