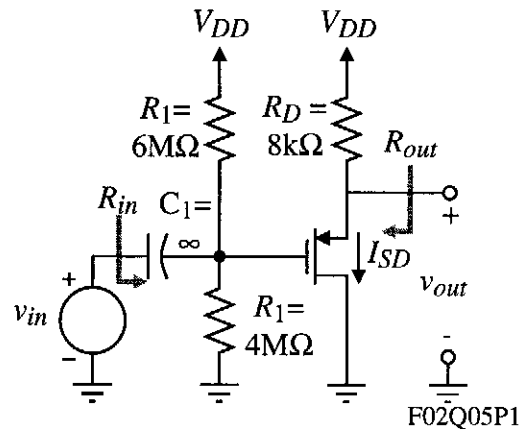


QUIZ NO. 5 - SOLUTION

(Average Score = 6.2/10 of those who took the quiz)

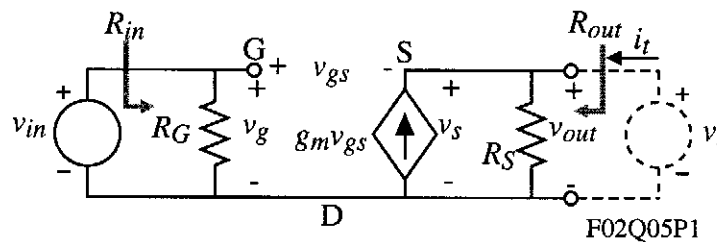
A PMOS common-drain amplifier is shown. Assume the parameters of the transistor are $k_F = 0.5\text{mA/V}^2$, $V_{TP} = -1\text{V}$, and $\lambda = 0$. (a.) If $I_{SD} = 0.5\text{mA}$, find the small signal model parameter values for g_m and r_o . (b.) Find an algebraic expression for the small signal input resistance, R_{in} , the output resistance, R_{out} , and the voltage gain, v_{out}/v_{in} . (c.) Numerically evaluate the small signal input resistance, R_{in} , the output resistance, R_{out} , and the voltage gain, v_{out}/v_{in} .



Solution

$$(a.) g_m = \sqrt{2I_{SD}k_P} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.5} \text{ mS} = \underline{0.707\text{mS}} \quad \text{and} \quad r_o = \infty$$

(b.) First we need a small signal model.



Obviously, $R_{in} = R_G = R_1 \parallel R_2$. For R_{out} we apply the voltage source, v_t , and set $v_{in} = 0$ and solve for v_t/i_t which equivalent to R_{out} .

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore i_t &= G_S v_t - g_m v_{gs} = G_S v_t - g_m (v_g - v_s) = G_S v_t - g_m (0 - v_s) \\ &= G_S v_t + g_m v_s = G_S v_t + g_m v_t = (G_S + g_m) v_t \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore R_{out} = \frac{v_t}{i_t} = \frac{1}{G_S + g_m} = \frac{R_S}{1 + g_m R_S} \rightarrow \boxed{R_{out} = \frac{R_S}{1 + g_m R_S}}$$

The output voltage can be expressed as,

$$v_{out} = g_m R_S v_{gs} = g_m R_S (v_g - v_s) = g_m R_S (v_{in} - v_{out})$$

$$\therefore v_{out}(1 + g_m R_S) = g_m R_S v_{in} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{g_m R_S}{1 + g_m R_S}}$$

$$(c.) R_{in} = R_G = R_1 \parallel R_2 = \underline{2.4\text{M}\Omega}, R_{out} = \frac{8\text{k}\Omega}{1 + 0.707 \cdot 8} = \underline{1.2\text{k}\Omega} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{0.707 \cdot 8}{1 + 0.707 \cdot 8} = \underline{0.85\text{V/V}}$$