

## Homework Assignment No. 5

Due Monday, February 9, 2004 in class

Problem 1 - (10 points - Problem 6.2-8 of A&H)

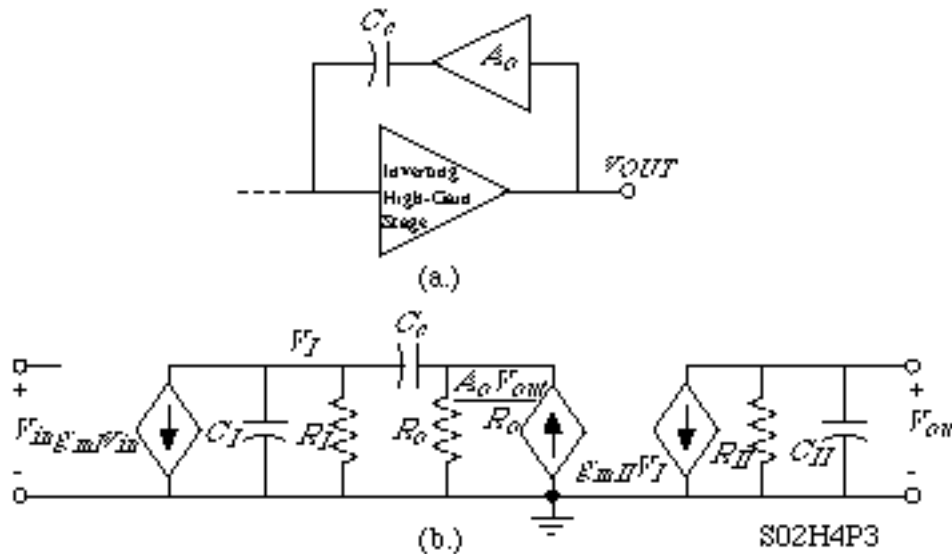
A two-stage, Miller-compensated CMOS op amp has a RHP zero at  $20GB$ , a dominant pole due to the Miller compensation, a second pole at  $p_2$  and a mirror pole at  $-3GB$ . (a) If  $GB$  is 1MHz, find the location of  $p_2$  corresponding to a  $45^\circ$  phase margin. (b) Assume that in part (a) that  $|p_2| = 2GB$  and a nulling resistor is used to cancel  $p_2$ . What is the new phase margin assuming that  $GB = 1\text{MHz}$ ? (c) Using the conditions of (b), what is the phase margin if  $C_L$  is increased by a factor of 4?

Problem 2 – (10 points - Problem 6.2-10 of A&H)

For the two-stage op amp of Fig. 6.2-8, find  $W_1/L_1$ ,  $W_6/L_6$ , and  $C_c$  if  $GB = 1\text{MHz}$ ,  $|p_2| = 5\text{GB}$ ,  $z = 3\text{GB}$  and  $C_L = C_2 = 20\text{pF}$ . Use the parameter values of Table 3.1-2 and consider only the two-pole model of the op amp. The bias current in M5 is  $40\mu\text{A}$  and in M7 is  $320\mu\text{A}$ .

Problem 3 – (10 points – Problem 6.2-11 of A&H)

In the figure shown, assume that  $R_I = 150\text{k}$ ,  $R_{II} = 100\text{k}$ ,  $g_{mII} = 500\mu\text{S}$ ,  $C_I = 1\text{pF}$ ,  $C_{II} = 5\text{pF}$ , and  $C_c = 30\text{pF}$ . Find the value of  $R_z$  and the locations of all roots for (a) the case where the zero is moved to infinity and (b) the case where the zero cancels the highest pole.



Problem 4 – (10 points)

The poles and zeros of a Miller compensated, two-stage op amp are shown below.

- (a.) If the influence of  $p_3$  and  $z_1$  are ignored, what is the  $GB$  in MHz of this op amp for  $60^\circ$  phase margin?
- (b.) What is the value of  $A_v(0)$ ? What is the value of  $C_c$  if  $g_{m1}=g_{m2}=500\mu\text{S}$ ?
- (c.) If  $p_2$  is moved to  $p_3$ , what is the new  $GB$  in MHz for  $60^\circ$  phase margin? What is the new  $C_c$  if the input transconductances are the same as in (b.)?

